משנה קתני קתני קתני לeaches that it is placed from the other side! This is indeed a difficulty.

Overview

There is a difference between the terms 'קשיא' (a difficulty) and 'תיובתא' (a refutation). איובתא means that we cannot accept this opinion, it is completely refuted. קשיא, however, means that there is a difficulty in accepting this opinion. However it can be justified, albeit with some difficulty. תוספות בעום אין is used here and not the term תיובתא.

ותיובתא לא הוי – It is not, however, a complete refutation of the 'איכא', who maintain the הזית is placed on the builder's side..

איכא דאמרי **– for** the איכא דאמרי **can say** that the word 'מבחוץ' does not mean that the builder places the הזית on the other side (the side of his partner), rather–

הינו שבולט הוץ לחומה — it means that the הזית protrudes outside of the wall. It is indeed placed on the builder's side but the הזית protrudes. The term מבחוץ does not necessarily (only) mean 'from the other side'; it can also mean (protruding from) 'outside' (the regular wall). This prevents the question from being a refutation.

תוספות explains that even though it is not a תיובתא, it is still a קשיא:

מכל מקום שיא – nonetheless it is a difficult to interpret 'מבחוץ' to mean the 'outside', as opposed to the 'other side' –

דאם כן מחוץ הוי ליה למיתני – for if that is true (that we mean the outside) the should have stated 'מחוץ'. It would have been clear that it means the 'outside'. The fact that the משנה wrote 'מבחוץ' indicates that it means the 'other side'.

Summary

We can, with difficulty, answer the question of 'מבחוץ קחני'. We can say that it means the חזית protrudes outside from the face of the wall. However the then should have stated clearly 'מחוץ' – from the outside.

Thinking it over

If the משנה means merely (protruding) 'outside'. Why mention 'מבחוץ' at all? It is seemingly obvious that a חזית will protrude from the wall!

¹ In reference to a wall the term מהוץ means on the face of the wall as opposed to being imbedded within the wall. The term מבחוץ in reference to the wall presumably means the side facing away from the owner of the wall; the opposite of מבפנים.