The stringency by an ox is more than by fire

חומר בשור מבאש –

OVERVIEW

The ברייתא mentions various שור of אש over אש. Our תוספות will discuss why he does not mention an additional הומרא.

מוספות anticipates and resolves the following question:

- הא דלא תני שהשור בעל חי משום דהוי בכלל מסרו לחרש שוטה וקטן

The reason the ברייתא did not teach an additional אשר of חומרא over איל; namely that a חומרא is alive and איש is not, is because this חומרא is included in the חומרא which the ברייתא does mention; namely if he gave it (the מזיק) over to a "חש", then by שור אש he is פטור and by איש he is פטור פטור.

דבהכי תלי טעמא דפטור באש:

For the reason he is אש when he gave it over to a חש" is on account of this very fact that whis not a בעל חי $;^2$ however if he gave a שור over to a חייב since a mure is a שור is a שור Therefore it was not necessary to explicitly state that a בעל חי is a שור when it is already implied by the מסרו לחש"ו of חומרא.

SUMMARY

The אש of אש not being a בע"ח, is included in the קולא α סקולא.

THINKING IT OVER

תוספות states that the reason why אש is חט פטור לחש"ו של is because איז is not a מסרו לחש"ו של Previously תוספות explained that it is the manner of the שור to untie the שור מחל uncover the הש"ו, but it is not the דרך of the חש"ו to ignite the גהלת that the בע"ה, but it is not because אש is not a בע"ה, but merely that it is not the דרך of a תוספות How can these two seemingly contradictory חש"ו ללבות גחלת be reconciled?!

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תוספות does not state that the reason he is שור (if מסרו לחש"ו) is because he is a ב"ב; for we find by בור also that if חיוב he is חיוב (even though בע"ח is not a בע"ח. Indeed the cause for חיוב is not dependent on being a נבע"ח; by בור there is a אש פטור (or דרכו לנתורי לאו צבתא דחרש גרם). However the cause of אש by של is because it is not a בע"ח, and without the צבתא דחרש the fire would have extinguished; as opposed to a בע"ח who is continually active. See

² See 'Thinking it over'.

³ There is an advantage in stating the מסרו לחש"ו (as opposed to the בע"ח of חומרא) because מסרו לחש"ו is a מסרו לחש"ו is merely a מסרו הומרא is merely a סברא הומרא.

⁴ See footnote # 2.

 $^{^{5}}$ דף ט,ב בד"ה שור

⁶ See אמ"ה.