A woman; whether large or whether small – אשה בין גדולה ובין קטנה

OVERVIEW

The ברייתא stated if one hires a donkey to have a man ride on it, a woman should not ride on it, etc. and if it was rented for a woman, any woman may ride on it whether big or small. תוספות explains why this rule was not stated regarding men.

באיש לא רצה לשנות בין קטן בין גדול -

The ברייתא **did not want**/need **to teach** us **regarding** renting a חמור for **a man**; that any man may ride on the donkey, **whether small or big** -

משום דגברי שכיח שהם גדולים ופשיטא דאדעתא דגדול נמי אגריה ניהליה:

Because large men are common, so it is obvious that the משכיר rented out the donkey to him with the intent that it may be used for large people as well (since he made no such stipulation). There was no need for the ברייתא to teach this rule. [Large women, however, are not that common; therefore the ברייתא teaches us that large women are included.]

SUMMARY

It is obvious that when a donkey is hired for a man to ride on it, it may be used for all men big and small.

THINKING IT OVER

תוספות writes 2 that large men are common (therefore the ברייתא has no need to permit them to ride); indicating that large women are not that common (therefore the ברייתא needs to permit them to ride). However from the ברייתא (which states, the לרכוב עליה איש לא ירכוב עליה אשה) it is apparent that women are larger than men. How can we reconcile this apparent contradiction?

¹ See 'Thinking it over'.

² See footnote # 1.

³ See סמ"ע חו"מ ריש סי' חו"מ.

⁴⁴ See אמתחת בנימין.