A bride as she actually is

כלה כמות שהיא –

OVERVIEW

The מחלוקת cites a מחלוקת between ב"ש and ב"ה concerning how we praise the מחלוקת maintain that we praise her realistically according to her status and beauty. ב"ה maintain that we lavish praise on all the כלות, regardless if they merit it or not. מוספות discusses what ש"ה and ב"ה maintain concerning a כלה that is not only lacking in status etc., but is also somewhat blemished or disfigured.

ואם יש בה מום ישתקו ולא ישבחוה¹ -

And if she has a blemish, it is the opinion of $w" \supseteq$ that they should be silent and not praise her at all.

offers another interpretation of s'ש"∠ view: תוספות

אי נמי ישבחוה בדבר נאה שיש בה כגון בעיניה או בידיה אם הם יפות -Or you may also say that they should praise her with any pleasant feature that she possesses; for instance with her eyes or with her hands if they are pretty.

anticipates the following question. If תוספות also agree that even by a מום, she is still praised for any positive attributes she may have, why do ב"ה disagree, and have them praise the the praise ctfn also agree. The הוספות answers:

ובית הלל אומרים ישבחוה לגמרי דכשמזכירין מה שיש בה לשבח מכלל דשאר לגנאי: maintains that they should praise her completely; without reservations or mentioning specific details for if we only mention the praiseworthy attributes, there is the inference is that the rest of her attributes are shameful.

<u>Summary</u>

If a כלה has a blemish \square maintain that you either not praise her at all, or find something (specific) about her that is praiseworthy. \square maintain that in all instances we lavish (equal) praise to all כלות; in order that there be no negative inferences.

THINKING IT OVER

Why do \exists challenge \Box by asking if one bought a flawed item, should the item be praised or degraded; when \Box maintain that even if she has a \Box she is not degraded, we are merely silent (or she is praised for specific positive attributes).²

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ \mathbb{Z}^{n} is of the opinion that one may not veer from the truth, even if the consequences are somewhat disconcerting.

² See מהר"ם שי"ף.