- בין הנכרים

A convert who converted (while living) amongst the gentiles

OVERVIEW

The גמרא gives as an example of one who does not know the essence of שבת, if he was a גר שנתגייר בין הנכרים. One may have the mistaken impression that the גר converted on his own without a בית דין officiating, for if there were a בית דין, then how come he did not know the essence of שבת, seemingly the בי"ד would have told him. תוספות מסיבר this misconception.

בפני ג' ולא הודיעוהו מצות שבת –

The conversion took place in the presence of three $Jews^1$ and these three Jews did not inform him^2 about 3

דאי נתגייר בינו לבין עצמו לא הוי גר כדאמרינן בהחולץ (יבמות דף מז,ב): For had he converted on his own⁴, not in the presence of three Jews he would not be considered as a valid convert, as the מסכת יבמות states in מסכת יבמות החולץ החולץ.

SUMMARY

For a גירות to be valid it must be performed in front of a בי"ד של שלשה. They, however, are not required to inform him of all the הלכות התורה (even שבת).

THINKING IT OVER

Is the requirement of 'גירות בפני, a גירות or a דרבנן?

¹ This is one of the requirements for a valid conversion.

² The בי"ד is not required to inform the בר of all תרי"ג מצות, only certain בלות וחמורות.

³ He did not become aware of it later either, since he lived among the נכרים.

 $^{^4}$ This, on one hand, would explain why he did not know עיקר שבת.